

THE MOHICAN COMPANY The Big Store Around the Corner

THURSDAY and FRIDAY SPECIALS

Table listing various food items and their prices, including Fancy Haddock, Steak Cod, Butter Fish, and Fresh Caught Halibut.

Table listing bakery items and their prices, including Lean Smoked Shoulders, Meadowbrook Creamery Butter, and Fresh Jelly Doughnuts.

STRIKE BREAKERS WHO WERE ARRESTED AFTER QUITTING FREIGHT HOUSE ARE FREED

Judgment was suspended in the city court today by Judge Frederick A. Bartlett in the cases of Richard Ragin and Thomas Foley, of Boston, arrested on the New Haven road trestle near Wall street yesterday afternoon on the charge of trespassing on railroad property.

Ragin and Foley were imported to this city Saturday morning to fill the places of strikers at the Whiting street freight house and on being informed that they were being used as strike breakers they gave up their jobs.

On receiving their notice they started for the center of the city and were accompanied with the various streets in the vicinity of the freight house the young men followed the railroad tracks to the station. They were sighted from the freight office and a telephone call was immediately sent to police headquarters and Sergeant John O'Connell and Patrolman Martin Gottschalk were ordered to apprehend the strike breakers.

When the matter was explained to Judge Bartlett this morning he advised the young men to keep off railroad property, then added that he could not see any reason for punishing the trespassers and judgment was suspended.

Bryant Strike Over When Company Grants 8-Hour And Other Concessions

(Continued from Page 1) plays shall be met. "The girls received everything they asked for," Mr. Roche said this morning. "Mr. Goodrich said yesterday that the concern's officials will be ready at any time to meet a committee of any number of employees, from one to 25, if the employees wish."

A meeting of the Bryant employees was held yesterday afternoon, at which Gilbert W. Goodrich, assistant general manager of the Bryant factory, was present. He addressed the girls and told them what the company is willing to grant. Afterwards a vote was taken and the girls showed that they are in favor of returning under the improved conditions. It is understood that the management has promised an adjustment of wages on a higher scale in those departments that have a low rate of wages.

According to Mrs. Mary Scully, the Bryant girls have won one of the few victories that have been achieved by organized labor against the affiliated Western Electric, New York Telephone and Bell systems.

Pieces of wreckage from the steamer Marowine, missing for some time, were brought to New Orleans.

DEED

ABEL—In this city, Aug. 31, 1915, Jacob S. Abel, aged 65 years, 9 months.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral at his late home No. 54 DeForest avenue on Friday, Sept. 3rd at 2:30 o'clock p. m. Burial in Lakewood cemetery.

MADDEN—In this city, Aug. 31, 1915, William Glynn Madden.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, 644 Washington avenue, on Thursday, Sept. 2, at 8:30 a. m., and from St. Augustine's church at 9 a. m.

Interment at St. Michael's cemetery. L 81 b*

TOOL GRINDER wanted, first class man on general work. Apply Yost Typewriter Works. a*

MOTOR BOAT for sale at your own price. Inquire of H. Ritter, 234 Logan St. 11 s*p

TORRENT—Furnished rooms, with bath, steam heat, gas, pleasant location, terms reasonable. Call 106 Catherine St. 11 d*

LOST—Black and white hound, check No. 6917. Finder kindly return to 144 Merriam St. and receive reward. L 31 s*p

FOR SALE CHEAP used cars in touring, roadster; one 10 passenger Ford and also delivery truck. Phone 1198-3 days and 3659-4 evenings. 11 b*

PIANOS, VIOLINS, CELLOS, VIOLONS, new and second hand, for sale, new pianos \$150, regular price \$250; new player pianos \$300, regular price \$475; used piano \$90, one dollar a week. Violins, Victorolas, one dollar a week. Fitch Piano Co. 144 Noble Ave., near Sullivan St. Open evenings. L 26 d*o

STORES WILL PAY THEIR CLERKS FOR WORKING OVERTIME

Three Leading Stores Make Announcement of Plans For Working Hours.

In accordance with the general movement for an eight hour day through the city, three of the largest department stores of the city, Howland Dry Goods Co., the Smith-Murray Co., and the Meigs & Co., today made announcements in regard to their custom regarding holidays and annual vacation.

While the employees of the stores had made no demand for the change, they are all very happy over the new order.

The statement of the Howland Dry Goods Co. says in part:

"At this time, we believe that the shopping schedule is as short as it should be in justice to the men and women who depend upon the Howland service."

"For this reason the store will continue to be open Saturday evenings until 9 o'clock and beginning with the day after Labor Day it will be open business days till 10 o'clock."

"The store's duty to its staff of workers is just as great as to its supporters however. We have a plan for their advantage too."

"An 8-hour-working-day seems to be the standard at present; either enjoyed or striven for."

"Through the summer, this store's work-day for the majority of the force is just over 47 hours. During the rest of the year it is approximately 52 hours a week."

"From now on, we shall figure that the weeks during all except the summer are weeks of 6 1/2 days and all the members of the store force who are on duty Saturday evenings during those weeks will receive an additional half-day's pay based on their regular weekly rate. During the time the summer schedule is in effect and the working week is but 47 hours long, there will be, naturally, no extra pay."

"We believe this is a fair plan. It gives the people the shopping hours we believe they wish and know they are entitled to—and at the same time it gives the store force an added reward for the service its members render."

"This plan goes into effect at once and all members of the force entitled to extra pay will receive it for the week beginning September 7."

The same conditions will prevail at the Smith-Murray Co.

Meigs & Co.'s statement follows:

"Being in sympathy with shorter hours for employees we wish to announce that beginning Labor day we will adopt the 48-hour week basis, and all overtime will be paid at the regular rate."

"To give the same efficient service to our customers, and fully recognizing that this is an industrial city, we will therefore remain open Saturday evenings as usual."

GRAPHOPHONE CO. PROMISES ANSWER TUESDAY MORNING

An answer to the requests of the employees of the American Graphophone Co. will be given next Tuesday by the officials of the plant.

After a conference that lasted several hours this morning, the local management assured George J. Bewen, business agent of the machinists in this city, James E. Roche, chairman of the executive committee of the A. F. and L., and John J. Flynn, vice president of the Polishers' union, that a reply will be given Tuesday.

It was understood at the meeting that the local officials will take up the matter with their superiors in New York, submitting a proposition that is in line with the demands of the strikers.

Farmer Want Ads. One Cent a Word.

Peculations of King Multiply; May Be \$10,000

(Continued on Page 2) that there was something wrong with the transactions and I got in touch with the agent of the Congregational church and induced him to send me the original documents. One was a mortgage from Frank Saum for \$1,700 on property I had once owned, but which I knew Saum did not own.

"Saum said that he had never signed the mortgage. My name had been forged to the document as town clerk recording the volume and page in the land records of Fairfield. This was for \$1,700. The other mortgage was described property which belonged to John Kruszalski, but in the deed Citrus H. King and Edward Pickett appeared as the owners. On this last document the name of Bacon Wakeman as assistant town clerk had been forged as having recorded it. Page and volume of the land records were also on this paper but no such record exists and as King and Pickett did not own the land they could not mortgage it. Mr. Pickett has since been declared that he knows nothing of the transaction and that his name was forged also.

"Mr. Wakeman and myself took the matter up with the agent of the Congregational church and with Mr. Keeler. We were told that there was an arrangement by which Mr. King was to return some of the money that he had received and that no prosecution would be followed. Later developments showed us that Mr. King had negotiated loans of about \$7,800 under what we had reason to believe was similar circumstances. We also discovered that he was paying anything back to Mr. Keeler.

"We then took the matter to Attorney Charles Stuart Canfield, chairman of the grievance committee of the Fairfield county bar. He told us that while we might be disposed to overlook the forgeries as private citizens, as public officials we had no right to condone such an offense and that it was our duty to lay the matter before the state attorney's office. This was done and a warrant has been issued for Mr. King's arrest on the charge of forgery."

"We have been unjustly criticized because we have not spoken sooner, but we were warned by the state's attorney's office not to make public our knowledge before the state's officers were able to act. Now that the story has been printed, however, we feel at liberty to tell our side."

Mr. King has been missing from his home since Saturday night. Constable H. I. Elwood claims to have endorsed a note for \$250 for 30 days, 20 days ago. He also handed the attorney \$350 in cash to invest in a mortgage. He received from the lawyer an envelope with red tape and endorsed on the outside by the lawyer to the effect that it contained the mortgage. The sheriff opened the envelope last night and found a blank note and blank mortgage.

The name of John P. Gray, Mr. King's law partner, appears as witness on the mortgage which King negotiated in the name of Frank Saum. Mr. Gray said he had signed numerous papers for King with the contents of whose name he does not know. Another man who has a grievance against King is Dominick Adronik of Norwalk. He claims that on July 25, 1912, he made an agreement with Attorney King by which the lawyer promised to pay him \$200 to secure a liquor license for Adronik. When the license was secured it was to be transferred to a store specified by Adronik. According to the agreement, Attorney King promised, if he failed to get the license, to refund the \$200, less legal expenses, which were not to exceed \$50. In the event that the lawyer secured the license he was to receive a fee not to exceed \$50.

Adronik says he paid King the \$200 but alleges the work was not performed as agreed. He was unable to secure the return of his \$200. On October 18, 1912, he gave King \$250, he says, which was to be used as part payment for a liquor license. Although he failed to get the license the lawyer did not return the money to Adronik, the complaint states. The action, which is returnable to the September term of the superior court, is for \$1,500 damages.

Germany Gives To U.S. Demands on Warfare By Submarine Boats

(Continued from Page 1) mission, saying secretary Lansing would issue a statement.

It is generally acknowledged that in making concessions to the United States, Germany expects President Wilson to renew his representations to Great Britain against interference with neutral trade. The President has steadfastly declined to conduct one negotiation in a relation to the other, taking the position that the diplomatic resolution of the United States with one belligerent could not be conditioned on its relations with another.

The new American note to Great Britain making representations against the restrictions imposed by the orders in council, is almost ready to go forward to London.

S. T. Davis, Jr., Dies Suddenly In Fairfield

(Continued from Page One) through many trying times with a steadfastness of purpose and evenness of disposition that is seldom found in business circles.

At Reensler, Mr. Davis was elected president of his class, being chosen for particular bravery and pluck shown in the flag-rush, the most important class event of the course, but so severe upon the health that it has in later years been suppressed.

Always interested in athletics, Mr. Davis not only excelled while at school, but in later years made a name for himself among the golf and squash experts of the country. In 1902 he won the speed record for automobiles driving for a world's record at Staten Island. Many cups in possession of his family testify to his indomitable courage in athletic events through the United States.

After leaving college he became associated with Amzi L. Barber, president of the Barber Asphalt Company and given the important task of presiding over the enormous asphalt lake at Port of Spain, Trinidad, B. W. I., where he spent several years of his life. He was elevated in position until he became assistant general manager of the Trinidad Lake

HOWLAND'S Entrances in Main Street, Fairfield Avenue, and Cannon Street.

Bridgeport, Conn. The Weather:—Fair tonight and Wednesday, Sept. 1, 1915. Thursday; fresh northwest winds.

Store closes at 5 daily except Saturdays

The store's duty.

to Bridgeport people; to its force of workers.

The Howland store's duty to Bridgeport people, as we sense it, is to provide honest reasonable correct merchandise at fair price and to give the people opportunity to choose from that merchandise at the time most convenient for them.

The Howland store's duty to its staff of workers is to make the work-day, as short as is consistent with the giving of true service to the people.

This store has always been an advocate of making the shopping-day as short as it could be without injuring the service which the people rightfully expect.

It was the first store to propose closing Monday evenings.

Two years ago it advocated and brought about the Saturday closing at 9 o'clock.

One year ago last Winter it was the first advocate of shortening the day by making the opening hour half past 8 instead of 8 o'clock.

At this time, we believe that the shopping schedule is as short as it should be in justice to the men and women who depend upon the Howland service.

For this reason the store will continue to be open Saturday evenings until 9 o'clock and beginning with the day after Labor Day it will be open other business days till 6 o'clock.

The store's duty to its staff of workers is just as great as to its supporters however. We have a plan for their advantage too.

An 8-hour-working-day seems to be the standard at present; either enjoyed or striven for.

Through the summer, this store's work-day for the majority of the force is just over 47 hours. During the rest of the year it is approximately 52 hours a week.

From now on, we shall figure that the weeks during all except the Summer are weeks of 6 1/2 days and all the members of the store force who are on duty Saturday evenings during those weeks will receive an additional half-day's pay based on their regular weekly rate. During the time the Summer schedule is in effect and the working-week is but 47 hours long, there will be, naturally, no extra pay.

At Christmas, when the store is open evenings, each member will be paid for all such extra hours worked.

There will be no change in the store custom regarding holidays and annual vacation. Every member of the staff will be paid full wages for each of the seven holidays on which the store is closed. Every member, whose term of service is not less than one year, will also receive as in the past a week's vacation with full pay.

We believe this is a fair plan. It gives the people the shopping-hours we believe they wish and know they are entitled to—and at the same time it gives the store force an added reward for the service its members render.

This plan goes into effect at once and all members of the force entitled to extra pay will receive it for the week beginning September 7.

Next Monday, Labor Day, the store will be closed all day. Beginning Tuesday, the morning opening hour will continue at 8:30 and the closing hour will be 6 except Saturdays when it will remain fixed at 9.

HOWLAND DRY GOODS CO.

Asphalt Co., one of the best known asphalt concerns of the world, doing a business in all the centers of the world.

When Amzi L. Barber became interested in the automobile industry, Mr. Davis became one of the pioneers in the business. Though he had studied the self propelled vehicle before the inception of the Locomobile Company in 1899, it was not until that concern put out its first cars that the automobile became a factor in the industrial and vehicular world.

While there were a few companies experimenting and working on the business, the Locomobile Co. was in every way the first company, the real pioneer. Mr. Barber was always from the first a firm believer in the future of the motor car. Mr. Davis became president of the Locomobile Co. in 1907 and was active in it until his death.

Mr. Davis married Miss Lorena Barber in June, 1897, at the family home, in Ardsley-on-Hudson. Mr. and Mrs. Davis came to Bridgeport to live in

HOWLAND'S Entrances in Main Street, Fairfield Avenue, and Cannon Street.

Don't move it; Sell it Cheap!



One of our friends, handling a big lot of good floor coverings, is so progressive and aggressive that its business is growing at a wonderful pace—and it has to move now to bigger quarters.

But there was a big stock on hand! That made no difference when the right spot was found.

"We'll sell the stock cheap. That is far better than bothering with packing and trucking. Don't move it."

That was this store's opportunity. Action was quick. We had our pick from the whole big stock. Here it is at a big saving—just in time for the Autumn furnishing of Bridgeport homes.

- List of rug and carpet items with prices: Axminster rugs so heavy and rich they look like Wilton. Handsome patterns of either floral or Oriental school. Colors include rich brown green red tan and rose effects. Bigelow-Arlington and Artloom and other fine Wilton rugs, a notable collection, both as to beauty of pattern and richness of colors. Printed Inoleum of good weight and attractive patterns. Neoprest flooring, a substitute for oilcloth which has higher finish and smoother surface and which is good and durable. Rug surrounds to give the floor around rug appearance of hardwood flooring. In good shades and handsome finish.

More books that will bring much enjoyment.

Amelie Rives new story is just out. Shadows of Flame is its title; 'tis not a usual story; and it is well worth reading,—\$1.35.

Zane Grey's Rainbow Trail, filled with the sort of writing in which Grey excels, allures everybody who enjoys virile scenes and virile writing. Who begins to read it will not wish to stop till the end is reached,—\$1.35.

These others invite companionship:— Sally on the Rocks—Boggs—\$1.35. Measure of a Man—Barr—\$1.35. The Freeland—Galworthy—\$1.35. Me—Anonymous—\$1.30.

And now there is added to the 50-cent books Dr. Graye's

Secrets of the German War Office. No book recently published created more discussion, it will well pay for reading.

These other books just ready at the same price of 50 cents:—

- Amateur Gentleman—Farnol. Woman Thou Gavest Me—Hall Caine. The Salamander—Johnson. Business of Life—Chambers. Otharwie Phyllis—Nicholson. Mischief Maker—Oppenheim. Lost World—Conan Doyle. Wallingford in His Prime—Chester. Near Fairfield avenue door.

4 Educator Crackers-- 25c

Educator crackers; fine for school lunches or for home eating, delicious and healthful, rich in food value.

Special offer this week:— one each of the following:—

- Sweet Graham Animal Cracker. Fogasterette Butter Thin. usually 3 for 25c,—4 for 25c. This price applies only to orders for one of each variety. Front basement.

HOWLAND DRY GOODS CO.

LOCAL HUNGARIANS WANT USE OF THE SCHOOLS AT NIGHT

Rakoczy hall, Bostwick Avenue, when over 2,000 people of Hungarian birth and extraction gathered to see the story of America in moving pictures and to listen to speakers who advocated the early naturalization of immigrants, the study of the English language, and the opening of the public school buildings for civic centers at night and the instruction of adults in civil government and American history.